

$$V^* = V^*$$

$$V^*(s) = \max_a (R(s,a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot|s,a)} [V^*(s')])$$

$$Q^*(s,a) = R(s,a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot|s,a)} [\max_{a'} Q^*(s',a')]$$

Define:  $\mathcal{T}: \mathbb{R}^{S \times A} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{S \times A}$

$$\forall f \in \mathbb{R}^{S \times A}, (\mathcal{T}f)(s,a)$$

$$= R(s,a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot|s,a)} [\max_{a'} f(s',a')]$$

Bellman opt. eq:  $Q^* = \mathcal{T}Q^*$

Value Iteration: Init  $f_0 \in \mathbb{R}^{S \times A}$  ( $= \vec{0}$ )

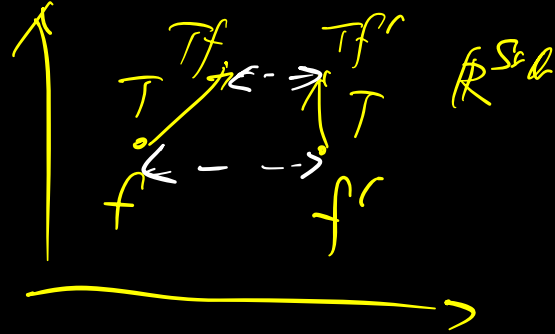
for  $k=1, 2, 3, \dots$   $f_k \leftarrow \mathcal{T}f_{k-1}$

Lemma:  $\mathcal{T}$  is  $\gamma$ -contraction under  $\|\cdot\|_\infty$ .

i.e.  $\forall f, f' \in \mathbb{R}^{S \times A}$

$$\|\mathcal{T}f - \mathcal{T}f'\|_\infty \leq \gamma \cdot \|f - f'\|_\infty$$

Given Lemma,  $Q_1^*, Q_2^*, \dots$



$$\|f_k - Q_i^*\|_\infty$$

$$= \|\mathcal{T}f_{k-1} - \mathcal{T}Q_i^*\|_\infty$$

$$\leq \gamma \cdot \|f_{k-1} - Q_i^*\|_\infty \leq \dots \leq \gamma^k \|f_0 - Q_i^*\|_\infty$$

$$Q_1^* \neq Q_2^*, \quad \|Q_1^* - Q_2^*\| = \varepsilon > 0$$

$$\leq \gamma^k \frac{R_{\max}}{1-\gamma}$$

$$\|f_k - Q_i^*\|_\infty < \frac{\varepsilon}{2}$$

Proof of contraction:  $\forall f, f', \quad \|\mathcal{T}f - \mathcal{T}f'\|_\infty \leq \gamma \|f - f'\|_\infty$

Proof:  $\forall (s, a)$

$$|\mathcal{T}f(s, a) - \mathcal{T}f'(s, a)|$$

$$= \left| \cancel{R(s, a)} + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot | s, a)} \left[ \max_{a'} f(s', a') \right] - \cancel{R(s, a)} - \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot | s, a)} \left[ \max_{a'} f'(s', a') \right] \right|$$

$$= \gamma \left| \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot | s, a)} \left[ \max_{a'} f(s', a') - \max_{a'} f'(s', a') \right] \right|$$

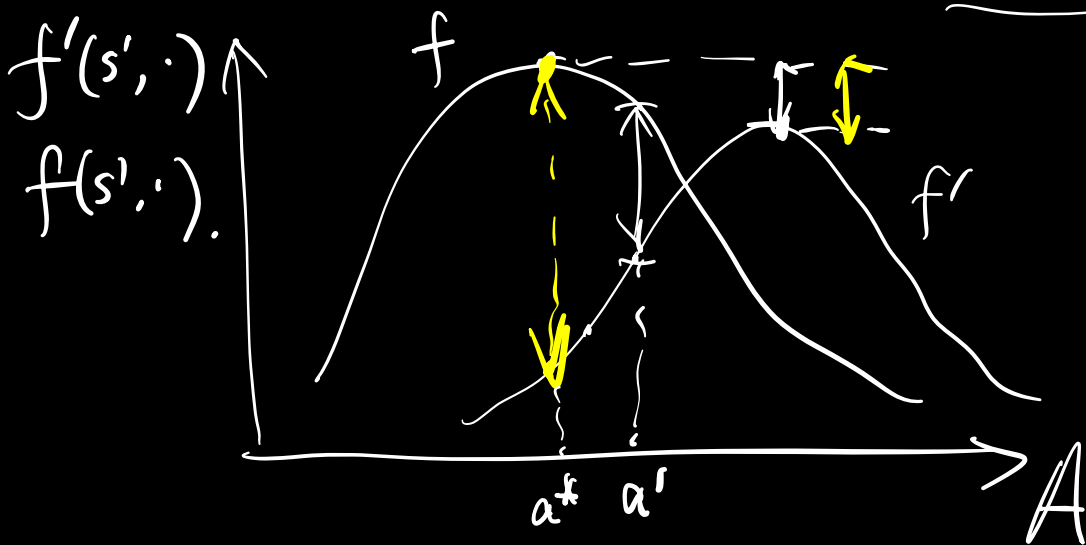
$$\leq \gamma \max_{s'} \left( \max_{a'} f(s', a') - \max_{a'} f'(s', a') \right)$$

$$\boxed{?} \quad \gamma \cdot \|f - f'\|_{\infty} = \gamma \max_{s', a'} |f(s', a') - f'(s', a')|$$

$$= \gamma \cdot \max_{s'} \left( \max_{a'} |f(s', a') - f'(s', a')| \right)$$

Suffices to show:  $\forall s'$ .

$$\left| \max_{a'} f(s', a') - \max_{a'} f'(s', a') \right| \leq \max_{a'} |f(s', a') - f'(s', a')| \quad (*)$$



Proof of (\*): wlog,  $\max_{a'} f(s', a') \geq \max_{a'} f'(s', a')$

also define  $a^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{a'} f(s', a')$

$$\left| \max_{a'} f(s', a') - \max_{a'} f'(s', a') \right|$$

$$= f(s', a^*) = \max_{a'} f'(s', a')$$

$$\leq f(s', a^*) - \underbrace{f'(s', a^*)}_{\Delta}$$

$$\leq \max_{a'} |f(s', a') - f'(s', a')|$$


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$$\|Q^* - f_k\|_{\infty} \leq \gamma^k \cdot \frac{R_{\max}}{1-\gamma}$$

Alt. proof (for  $V^*$ ):

$$V^*(s) = \max_a (R(s, a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot|s, a)} [V^*(s')])$$

$$=: \mathcal{T} V^*(s)$$

VI (for  $V^*$ ): Init  $f_0 \in \mathbb{R}^S$ .

$$\forall k=1, 2, 3, \dots \quad f_k \leftarrow \mathcal{T} f_{k-1}$$

Lemma:  $\mathcal{T}$  is a  $\gamma$ -contraction under  $\|\cdot\|_{\infty}$ .

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$$f_0 = \vec{0}$$

$$f_1 = \mathcal{T} f_0 = \max_a (R(s, a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot|s, a)} [\underline{f_0}(s')])$$

$$= \max_a R(s, a) \quad \star$$

$$f_2 = \max_a \left( R(s, a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot | s, a)} \left[ \max_{a'} R(s', a') \right] \right)$$

Claim:  $f_k$  is optimal for:

$$\underline{V^{\pi, H}}(s) = \mathbb{E} \left[ \sum_{t=1}^H \gamma^{t-1} r_t \mid \pi, s_1 = s \right].$$

i.e.  $f_k(s) = \max_{\pi: \text{non-stationary}} V^{\pi, k}(s)$